

Claims

What is claimed is:

5 1. A method of treating obesity, the method comprising the step of administering to an obese patient or a patient at risk of becoming obese a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.

10 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.

15 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.

20 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.

25 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the ligand is an agonist.

30 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the ligand is an antagonist.

7. The method of claim 1 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide Y receptor agonist.

8. A method of treating obesity, the method comprising the step of administering to an obese patient or a patient at risk of becoming obese a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that is a selective neuropeptide Y receptor agonist.

9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:

30 a) a compound that is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand; and

b) a second compound useful for the treatment of obesity, diabetes, sexual dysfunction, atherosclerosis, insulin resistance, impaired glucose tolerance, hypercholesterolemia or hypertriglyceridemia.

5 10. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 9 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide-Y receptor agonist.

10 11. The method of claim 9 wherein the second compound is a β_3 -adrenergic receptor agonist, a cholecystokinin-A agonist, a monoamine reuptake inhibitor, a sympathomimetic agent, a serotoninergic agent, a dopamine agonist, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor agonist or mimetic, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor analog, a cannabinoid receptor antagonist, a melanin concentrating hormone antagonist, leptin, a leptin analog, a leptin receptor agonist, a galanin antagonist, a bombesin agonist, a neuropeptide-Y antagonist, a thyromimetic agent, dehydroepiandrosterone or an analog thereof, a glucocorticoid receptor agonist or antagonist, an orexin receptor antagonist, a urocortin binding protein antagonist, a glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonist, or a ciliary neurotrophic factor.

20 12. A kit that comprises:

a) a first pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound that is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand;

25 b) a second pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound that is useful for the treatment of obesity, diabetes, sexual dysfunction, atherosclerosis, insulin resistance, impaired glucose tolerance, hypercholesterolemia or hypertriglyceridemia; and

c) a container for the first and second compositions.

30 13. The kit of claim 12 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide-Y receptor agonist.

14. The kit of claim 12 wherein the second pharmaceutical composition comprises a compound that is a β_3 -adrenergic receptor agonist, a cholecystokinin-A agonist, a monoamine reuptake inhibitor, a sympathomimetic agent, a serotonergic agent, a dopamine agonist, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor agonist or mimetic, a 5 melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor analog, a cannabinoid receptor antagonist, a melanin concentrating hormone antagonist, leptin, a leptin analog, a leptin receptor agonist, a galanin antagonist, a bombesin agonist, a neuropeptide-Y antagonist, a thyromimetic agent, dehydroepiandrosterone or an analog thereof, a glucocorticoid receptor agonist or antagonist, an orexin receptor antagonist, a urocortin binding 10 protein antagonist, a glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonist, or a ciliary neurotrophic factor.

15. A method of treating diabetes, sexual dysfunction, atherosclerosis, insulin resistance, impaired glucose tolerance, hypercholesterolemia or hypertriglyceridemia, 15 the method comprising the step of administering to a patient having or at risk of having, diabetes, sexual dysfunction, atherosclerosis, insulin resistance, impaired glucose tolerance, hypercholesterolemia or hypertriglyceridemia a therapeutically effective amount of a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.

20 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the neuropeptide Y receptor ligand is a neuropeptide Y receptor ligand.